CYPRUS

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I. Picture appears bright for successful, peaceful transition to independence by 19 Feb 1960.

- A. Commission drafting constitution again working smoothly; three-month deadlock on vice-presidential powers broken yesterday.
 - 1. Last month's "crisis"--when constitution work stopped after British intercepted (18 Oct) Turkish boat smuggling arms to Cyprus--was short-lived.
- B. Early solution also expected of dispute re bases to be retained by British.

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- D. Col. Grivas (now in Greece) stopped criticizing Cyprus developments after meeting last month with Makarios.
- II. Several clouds still in picture:
 - A. Relations between Greek majority (400,000 plus) and Turk minority (100,000), frequently violent in past, still inflammable—as indicated by excited (but nonviolent) reaction to recent boat—seizure incident.
 - B. Communists remain strong (perhaps 6,000 to 7,000 members of 10,000 of 24,000 votes (ast)

 AKEL; won 40% of vote in 1953 municipal elections).
 - 1. But Communists now playing conciliatory, and apparently will cooperate with Makarios in putting up single slate for Greek Cypriots in first parliamentary elections (no date yet, but before independence).
 - C. Recent split among Greek Cypriot rightists -- Mayor of Nicosia and others have called Makarios "dictatorial" -- offers Communists new opportunity for exploitation.

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BACKGROUND

CYPRUS

- I. Area: 3,572 square miles
 - Population: 563,000 (80% Greek Cypriot; 18% Turkish Cypriot)
- II. Provisions of Cyprus Accord of 19 February 1959 between UK, Greece, and Turkey:
 - A. A <u>Basic Structure</u> of future republic, provisions of which are to be included in constitution. (Constitutional Commission, composed of Greeks, Turks, and Greek and Turkish Cypriots, is working in Nicosia.
 - 1. Republic President to be a Greek Cypriot, the Vice
 President to be a Turkish Cypriot, each with important
 veto powers.
 - Cabinet to be composed of 7 Greek and 3 Turkish Cypriots.
 - 3. Unicameral legislature (70% Greek and 30% Turkish), plus two communal chambers with jurisdiction over purely communal matters.
 - B. Treaty of Guaranty between UK, Greece, Turkey, and Cyprus.

 (This is to be drafted by a joint committee in London.)
 - 1. To guarantee independence and to prohibit partition or union with another state.
 - 2. To provide for consultation and concerted or unilateral action to prevent infringement of provisions.

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- C. Treaty of Alliance between Greece, Turkey, and Cyprus providing for joint defense of Cyprus. (This treaty was initialled in Athens on 27 October.)
- D. Declaration by UK setting forth conditions for transferring sovereignty and reserving for Britain two military enclaves on Cyprus. (Work on implementation is being done by joint committee in London.)
- III. Chronology of Important Events Since Settlement Negotiated:
 - 19 Feb 59 Cyprus accord signed.
 - 1 Mar 59 Makarios returns to Cyprus.
 - 17 Mar 59 EOKA leader Grivas flies to Greece.
 - 29 Jul 59 Grivas "dissociates" himself from Cyprus settlement.
 - 7 Aug 59 Deadlock over Vice President's powers begins in constitutional commission.
 - 7-9 Oct 59 Makarios and Grivas meet on Rhodes.
 - 18 Oct 59 Turkish boat loaded with ammunition captured near Cyprus.
 - 27 Oct 59 Tri-partite Treaty of Alliance initialled in Athens.
 - 10 Nov 59 Constitutional commission breaks deadlock on vice-presidential powers.